

# e-Exam System v5

a secure, scalable, ethical approach to high stakes e-assessment

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## Brief

Trials of e-Exam v5 at UQ in 4 courses semester one 2014:

- ✦ Animal biology (1<sup>st</sup> yr)
- ✦ Veterinary Technology (2<sup>nd</sup> yr)
- ✦ Criminology (2<sup>nd</sup> yr)
- ✦ Physiotherapy (3<sup>rd</sup> yr)

Paper 'equivalent' exams only.

Overall successful.

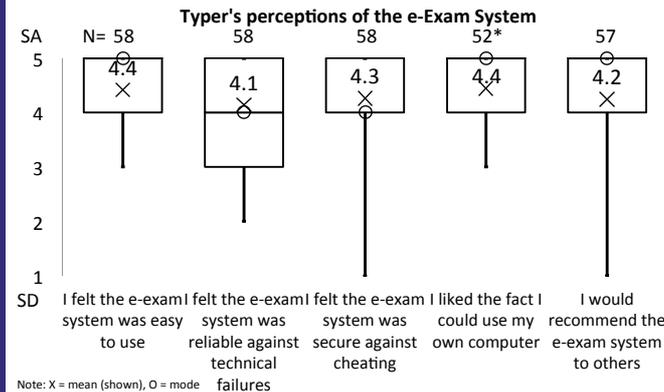
Few technical issues but process is important.

Trials to continue in semester two.



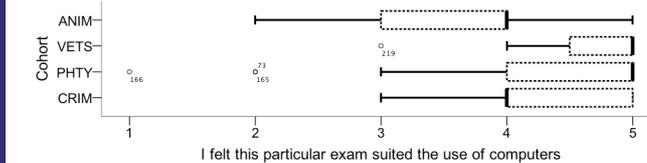
## Post-Exam Survey Findings

The UQ trials resulted in high levels of positive feedback from those that used the system. For all charts 5 = Strongly Agree, 1 = Strongly Disagree



### Did students think the exam suited computers?

We asked those who typed... largely that was a 'yes'.

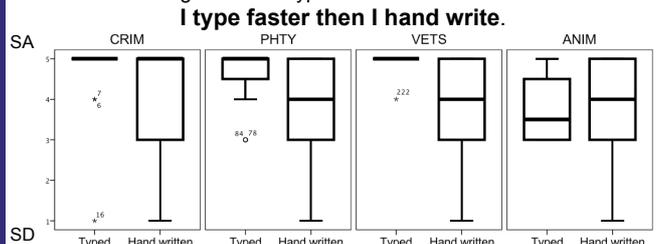


### Did typing prowess play a role in choice of mode? (possibly)

We compared between those who typed and handwrote the exam.

Combined cohorts show a significant difference in student's self assessment of their typing speed (U 4967, Nt 54, Nh 283, sig<.01) with results by cohort are shown. A reversal in the ANIM cohort was evident although the n for typers was small.

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**Other significant differences** between typers and hand writers for 'I type accurately' (U 4758 Nt 54, Nh 283, sig<.01) and 'When I make errors, I am able to quickly correct them as part of typing' (U 5494 Nt 54, Nh 283, sig<.01).

**No significant differences** (means):

'I ran out of time' (2.3), 'I felt more stressed compared to other exams' (2.6), 'My handwriting is normally neat and legible' (3.4), 'Overall my exam experience was positive' (3.8).

## More Findings

Further results available. Ask about:

- ✦ Rationale for mode choice
- ✦ Reaction to exam conditions
- ✦ Keyboarding v handwriting
- ✦ Exam writing strategies
- ✦ General writing habits
- ✦ General computer task use

Significance analysis by cohort and by mode (type v pen).

Importance of planning the details.

Feed forward to future technology and procedures.

## Trial Procedure

1. Planning and ethics approvals.
2. Call for interested academics.
3. Exam plans for paper 'equivalence'.
4. Student EOI and consent form.
5. Pre-exam set-up/practice sessions with student 'pre-survey', (technical and first impressions).
6. Academics send in e-exam copy. USB master created, tested and duplicated (1 per student).
7. Exam day:
  - a. Setup of room (power, paper backup, spare laptops).
  - b. Students enter room, then given a USB each.
  - c. Exam runs supervised.
  - d. At the end, all USBs collected.
  - e. Students given post survey.
8. After the exam, USBs are reverse copied to collate responses.
9. Responses sent to academic for marking.

### The Numbers

Cohort	Typed	Handwritten
Post-Exam survey	11	78
Responses by cohort and Mode.	17	50
	25	108
	5	109
<b>Total</b>	<b>58</b>	<b>345</b>

## Try it yourself

1. Download the ISO of the open source e-Exam System client.
2. Follow the demo set-up guide to build your own e-Exam USB.
3. Read the user/features guide.
4. Start your laptop with the e-Exam USB. Set-up and start up guides available for Apple Mac and 'Windows' laptops.

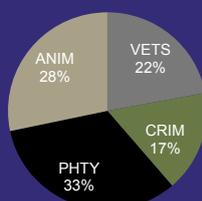
Download and try today ...



### Typed Exam



### All Respondents by cohort



### Gender (All)



## The Future

- ✦ Trials approved for semester two 2014.
  - ✦ Seeking EOI from institutions to join 2015 OLT Innovation and Development Grant proposal (November application round)
  - ✦ Possible formation of an 'International e-Examinations Research Network' - Seeking EOIs
- Send us an email to express interest!



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